

# HCTS163MS

# Radiation Hardened Synchronous Counter

September 1995

#### **Features**

- 3 Micron Radiation Hardened CMOS SOS
- Total Dose 200K RAD (Si)
- SEP Effective LET No Upsets: >100 MEV-cm<sup>2</sup>/mg
- Single Event Upset (SEU) Immunity < 2 x 10<sup>-9</sup> Errors/Bit-Day (Typ)
- Dose Rate Survivability: >1 x 10<sup>12</sup> RAD (Si)/s
- Dose Rate Upset: >10<sup>10</sup> RAD (Si)/s 20ns Pulse
- Latch-Up Free Under Any Conditions
- Fanout (Over Temperature Range)
  - Standard Outputs 10 LSTTL Loads
- Military Temperature Range: -55°C to +125°C
- Significant Power Reduction Compared to LSTTL ICs
- DC Operating Voltage Range: 4.5V to 5.5V
- LSTTL Input Compatibility
  - VIL = 0.8V Max
  - VIH = VCC/2 Min
- Input Current Levels Ii ≤ 5µA at VOL, VOH

## Description

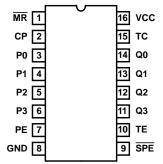
The Intersil HCTS163MS is a Radiation Hardened synchronous presettable counter that feature look-ahead carry logic for use in high speed counting application. HCTS163MS is a binary counter, and is reset synchronously with the clock. Counting and parallel presetting are both accomplished synchronously with the negative to positive transition of the clock.

The HCTS163MS utilizes advanced CMOS/SOS technology to achieve high-speed operation. This device is a member of radiation hardened, high-speed, CMOS/SOS Logic Family.

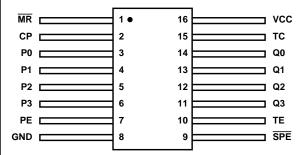
The HCTS163MS is supplied in a 16 lead Ceramic flatpack (K suffix) or a SBDIP Package (D suffix).

#### **Pinouts**

16 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE METAL SEAL PACKAGE (SBDIP) MIL-STD-1835 CDIP2-T16 TOP VIEW



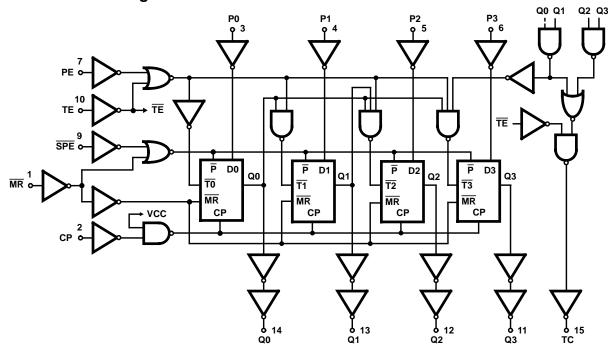
16 LEAD CERAMIC METAL SEAL FLATPACK PACKAGE (FLATPACK) MIL-STD-1835 CDFP4-F16 TOP VIEW



# **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	SCREENING LEVEL	PACKAGE	
HCTS163DMSR	-55°C to +125°C Intersil Class S Equivalent		16 Lead SBDIP	
HCTS163KMSR	-55°C to +125°C	Intersil Class S Equivalent	16 Lead Ceramic Flatpack	
HCTS163D/Sample	+25°C	Sample	16 Lead SBDIP	
HCTS163K/Sample	+25°C	Sample	16 Lead Ceramic Flatpack	
HCTS163HMSR	+25°C	Die	Die	

# Functional Block Diagram



#### **TRUTH TABLE**

		INPUTS						OUTPUTS	
OPERATING MODE	MR	СР	PE	TE	SPE	PN	QN	тс	
Reset (clear)	ı		Х	Х	Х	Х	L	L	
Parallel Load	h (Note 3)		Х	Х	ı	I	L	L	
	h (Note 3)		х	Х	I	h	Н	(Note 1)	
Count	h (Note 3)		h	h	h (Note 3)	Х	Count	(Note 1)	
Inhibit	h (Note 3)	Х	I (Note 2)	Х	h (Note 3)	Х	Qn	(Note 1)	
	h (Note 3)	Х	Х	I (Note 2)	h (Note 3)	Х	Qn	L	

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

h = HIGH voltage level one setup time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition

I = LOW voltage level one setup time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition

X = Immaterial

q = Lower case letter indicate the state of the referenced output prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition

= LOW-to-HIGH clock transition

- 1. The TC output is HIGH when TE is HIGH and the counter is at terminal count (HLLH for 162 and HHHH for 163)
- 2. The HIGH-to-LOW transition of PE or TE on the 54/74163 and 54/74160 should only occur while CP is high for conventional operation
- 3. The LOW-to-HIGH transition of  $\overline{\text{SPE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  on the 54/74163 should only occur while CP is high for conventional operation

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

## **Reliability Information**

G		•
Supply Voltage (VCC)0.5V to	+7.0V	Thermal Resis
Input Voltage Range, All Inputs0.5V to VCC	+0.5V	SBDIP Pack
DC Input Current, Any One Input	±10mA	Ceramic Flat
DC Drain Current, Any One Output	±25mA	Maximum Pacl
(All Voltage Reference to the VSS Terminal)		SBDIP Pack
Storage Temperature Range (TSTG)65°C to +	150°C	Ceramic Flat
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10sec)+	265°C	If device power
Junction Temperature (TJ) +	175°C	sinking or dera
ESD Classification	lace 1	SRDIP Pack

Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{JC}$
SBDIP Package	73°C/W	24°C/W
Ceramic Flatpack Package	114°C/W	29°C/W
Maximum Package Power Dissipation at +12	5°C Ambien	t
SBDIP Package		0.68W
Ceramic Flatpack Package		0.44W
If device power exceeds package dissipation	capability, pi	ovide heat
sinking or derate linearly at the following rate	:	
SBDIP Package	1	3.7mW/°C

CAUTION: As with all semiconductors, stress listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may be applied to devices (one at a time) without resulting in permanent damage. This is a stress rating only. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The conditions listed under "Electrical Performance Characteristics" are the only conditions recommended for satisfactory device operation.

## **Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage (VCC)+4.5V to +5.5V	Input Low Voltage (VIL)
Input Rise and Fall Times at 4.5 VCC (TR, TF) 500ns Max	Input High Voltage (VIH)
Operating Temperature Range (T <sub>A</sub> )55°C to +125°C	

#### **TABLE 1. DC ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

	(NOTE 1) GROUP		LIM	IITS			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	GROUPS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Quiescent Current	ICC	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	1	+25°C	-	40	μА
		VIIV = VCC OI GIVD	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-	750	μА
Output Current (Sink)	IOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 4.5V, VOUT = 0.4V, VIL = 0V	1	+25°C	4.8	-	mA
(Ollik)		VOOT = 0.4V, VIL = 0V	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	4.0	-	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 4.5V, VOUT = VCC - 0.4V,	1	+25°C	-4.8	-	mA
(Gource)		VIL = 0V	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-4.0	-	mA
Output Voltage Low	VOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, IOL = 50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	0.1	V
		VCC = 5.5V, VIH = 2.75V, IOL = 50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	0.1	V
Output Voltage High	VOH	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, IOH = -50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
		VCC = 5.5V, VIH = 2.75V, IOH = -50μA, VIL = 0.8V	1, 2, 3	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
Input Leakage Current	IIN	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	1	+25°C	-	±0.5	μА
Guirent		GIAD	2, 3	+125°C, -55°C	-	±5.0	μА
Noise Immunity Functional Test	FN	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, VIL = 0.8V (Note 2)	7, 8A, 8B	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	-	-

- 1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
- 2. For functional tests, VO  $\geq$  4.0V is recognized as a logic "1", and VO  $\leq$  0.5V is recognized as a logic "0".

TABLE 2. AC ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

		(NOTES 1, 2)	GROUP A SUB-		LIM	IITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	GROUPS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
CP to Qn	TPHL TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	25	ns
	''		10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	29	ns
CP to TC	TPHL TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	28	ns
	''		10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	33	ns
MR to Qn, TC	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	50	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	75	ns
TE to TC	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	9	+25°C	2	23	ns
			10, 11	+125°C, -55°C	2	29	ns

#### NOTES:

- 1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
- 2. AC measurements assume RL =  $500\Omega$ , CL = 50pF, Input TR = TF = 3ns, VIL = GND, VIH = 3V.

TABLE 3. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

		(NOTE 4)		LIM	IITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	(NOTE 1) CONDITIONS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Capacitance Power Dissipation	CPD	VCC = 5.0V, f = 1MHz	+25°C	-	78	pF
			+125°C, -55°C	-	176	pF
Input Capacitance	CIN	VCC = 5.0V, f = 1MHz	+25°C	-	10	pF
			+125°C	-	10	pF
Output Transition Time	TTHL TTLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	-	15	ns
	'''		+125°C	-	22	ns

TABLE 4. DC POST RADIATION ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

		(NOTES 1, 2)		200K LIM	RAD IITS	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Quiescent Current	ICC	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	+25°C	-	0.75	mA
Output Current (Sink)	IOL	VCC = 4.5V, VIN = VCC or GND, VOUT = 0.4V	+25°C	4.0	-	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH	VCC = 4.5V, VIN = VCC or GND, VOUT = VCC -0.4V	+25°C	-4.0	-	mA

<sup>1.</sup> The parameters listed in Table 3 are controlled via design or process parameters. Min and Max Limits are guaranteed but not directly tested. These parameters are characterized upon initial design release and upon design changes which affect these characteristics.

TABLE 4. DC POST RADIATION ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

		(NOTES 1.2)		200K LIM	RAD	
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	(NOTES 1, 2) CONDITIONS	TEMPERATURE	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage Low	VOL	VCC = 4.5V and 5.5V, VIH = VCC/2, VIL = 0.8V , IOL = 50μA	+25°C	-	0.1	V
Output Voltage High	VOH	VCC = 4.5V and 5.5V, VIH = VCC/2, VIL = 0.8V , IOH = -50μA	+25°C	VCC -0.1	-	V
Input Leakage Current	IIN	VCC = 5.5V, VIN = VCC or GND	+25°C	-	±5	μА
Noise Immunity Functional Test	FN	VCC = 4.5V, VIH = 2.25V, VIL = 0.8V, (Note 3)	+25°C	-	-	-
CP to Qn	TPHL TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	29	ns
CP to TC	TPLH TPLH	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	33	ns
MR to Qn, TC	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	75	ns
TE to TC	TPHL	VCC = 4.5V	+25°C	2	29	ns

- 1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
- 2. AC measurements assume RL =  $500\Omega$ , CL = 50pF, Input TR = TF = 3ns, VIL = GND, VIH = 3V.
- 3. For functional tests  $VO \ge 4.0V$  is recognized as a logic "1", and  $VO \le 0.5V$  is recognized as a logic "0".

TABLE 5. BURN-IN AND OPERATING LIFE TEST, DELTA PARAMETERS (+25°C)

PARAMETER	GROUP B SUBGROUP	DELTA LIMIT
ICC	5	12μΑ
IOL/IOH	5	-15% of 0 Hour

#### **TABLE 6. APPLICABLE SUBGROUPS**

CONFORMANCE GROUPS		METHOD	GROUP A SUBGROUPS	READ AND RECORD
Initial Test (Preburn-In)		100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
Interim Test I (Postburn	-ln)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
Interim Test II (Postburi	n-ln)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	ICC, IOL/H
PDA		100%/5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Interim Test III (Postbui	n-In)	100%/5004	1, 7, 9	
PDA		100%/5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Final Test		100%/5004	2, 3, 8A, 8B, 10, 11	
Group A (Note 1)		Sample/5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11	
Group B Subgroup B-5		Sample/5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11, Deltas	Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11
	Subgroup B-6	Sample/5005	1, 7, 9	
Group D		Sample/5005	1, 7, 9	

#### NOTE:

#### **TABLE 7. TOTAL DOSE IRRADIATION**

CONFORMANCE		TEST		READ AND RECORD	
GROUPS	METHOD	PRE RAD	POST RAD	PRE RAD	POST RAD
Group E Subgroup 2	5005	1, 7, 9	Table 4	1, 9	Table 4 (Note 1)

#### NOTE:

#### TABLE 8. STATIC AND DYNAMIC BURN-IN TEST CONNECTIONS

				OSCILLATOR	
OPEN	GROUND	1/2 VCC = 3V ± 0.5V	$VCC = 6V \pm 0.5V$	50kHz	25kHz
STATIC BURN-IN I TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 1)					
11 - 15	1 - 10	-	16	-	-
STATIC BURN-IN II TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 1)					
11 - 15	8	-	1 - 7, 9, 10, 16	-	-
DYNAMIC BURN-IN TEST CONNECTIONS (Note 2)					
-	4, 6, 8	11 - 15	1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 16	2	-

#### NOTES:

- 1. Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of 10K $\!\Omega\pm5\%$  for static burn-in
- 2. Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of 1K $\!\Omega\pm5\%$  for dynamic burn-in

**TABLE 9. IRRADIATION TEST CONNECTIONS** 

OPEN	GROUND	VCC = 5V ± 0.5V
11 - 15	8	1 - 7, 9, 10, 16

NOTE: Each pin except VCC and GND will have a resistor of 47K $\Omega$   $\pm$  5% for irradiation testing. Group E, Subgroup 2, sample size is 4 dice/wafer 0 failures.

<sup>1.</sup> Alternate group A testing in accordance with method 5005 of MIL-STD-883 may be exercised.

<sup>1.</sup> Except FN test which will be performed 100% Go/No-Go.

#### HCTS163MS

## Intersil Space Level Product Flow - 'MS'

Wafer Lot Acceptance (All Lots) Method 5007 (Includes SEM)

GAMMA Radiation Verification (Each Wafer) Method 1019, 4 Samples/Wafer, 0 Rejects

100% Nondestructive Bond Pull, Method 2023

Sample - Wire Bond Pull Monitor, Method 2011

Sample - Die Shear Monitor, Method 2019 or 2027

100% Internal Visual Inspection, Method 2010, Condition A

100% Temperature Cycle, Method 1010, Condition C, 10 Cycles

100% Constant Acceleration, Method 2001, Condition per Method 5004

100% PIND, Method 2020, Condition A

100% External Visual

100% Serialization

100% Initial Electrical Test (T0)

100% Static Burn-In 1, Condition A or B, 24 hrs. min., +125°C min., Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 1 (T1)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T1)

100% Static Burn-In 2, Condition A or B, 24 hrs. min.,  $+125^{\circ}$ C min., Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 2 (T2)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T2)

100% PDA 1, Method 5004 (Notes 1and 2)

100% Dynamic Burn-In, Condition D, 240 hrs., +125°C or Equivalent, Method 1015

100% Interim Electrical Test 3 (T3)

100% Delta Calculation (T0-T3)

100% PDA 2, Method 5004 (Note 2)

100% Final Electrical Test

100% Fine/Gross Leak, Method 1014

100% Radiographic, Method 2012 (Note 3)

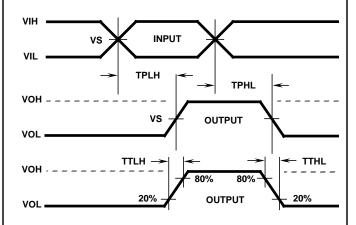
100% External Visual, Method 2009

Sample - Group A, Method 5005 (Note 4)

100% Data Package Generation (Note 5)

- 1. Failures from Interim electrical test 1 and 2 are combined for determining PDA 1.
- 2. Failures from subgroup 1, 7, 9 and deltas are used for calculating PDA. The maximum allowable PDA = 5% with no more than 3% of the failures from subgroup 7.
- 3. Radiographic (X-Ray) inspection may be performed at any point after serialization as allowed by Method 5004.
- 4. Alternate Group A testing may be performed as allowed by MIL-STD-883, Method 5005.
- 5. Data Package Contents:
  - Cover Sheet (Intersil Name and/or Logo, P.O. Number, Customer Part Number, Lot Date Code, Intersil Part Number, Lot Number, Quantity).
  - Wafer Lot Acceptance Report (Method 5007). Includes reproductions of SEM photos with percent of step coverage.
  - GAMMA Radiation Report. Contains Cover page, disposition, Rad Dose, Lot Number, Test Package used, Specification Numbers, Test equipment, etc. Radiation Read and Record data on file at Intersil.
  - X-Ray report and film. Includes penetrometer measurements.
  - Screening, Electrical, and Group A attributes (Screening attributes begin after package seal).
  - Lot Serial Number Sheet (Good units serial number and lot number).
  - Variables Data (All Delta operations). Data is identified by serial number. Data header includes lot number and date of test.
  - The Certificate of Conformance is a part of the shipping invoice and is not part of the Data Book. The Certificate of Conformance is signed by an authorized Quality Representative.

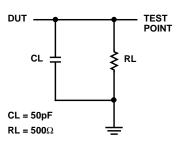
# **AC Timing Diagrams**



#### **AC VOLTAGE LEVELS**

PARAMETER	нстѕ	UNITS
VCC	4.50	V
VIH	3.00	V
VS	1.30	V
VIL	0	V
GND	0	V

## **AC Load Circuit**



All Intersil semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 quality systems certification.

Intersil products are sold by description only. Intersil Corporation reserves the right to make changes in circuit design and/or specifications at any time without notice. Accordingly, the reader is cautioned to verify that data sheets are current before placing orders. Information furnished by Intersil is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Intersil or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Intersil or its subsidiaries.

For information regarding Intersil Corporation and its products, see web site http://www.intersil.com

## Sales Office Headquarters

#### **NORTH AMERICA**

Intersil Corporation P. O. Box 883, Mail Stop 53-204 Melbourne, FL 32902

TEL: (321) 724-7000 FAX: (321) 724-7240

#### **EUROPE**

Intersil SA Mercure Center 100, Rue de la Fusee 1130 Brussels, Belgium TEL: (32) 2.724.2111 FAX: (32) 2.724.22.05

#### **ASIA**

Intersil (Taiwan) Ltd. Taiwan Limited 7F-6, No. 101 Fu Hsing North Road Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China TEL: (886) 2 2716 9310

FAX: (886) 2 2715 3029

## Die Characteristics

#### **DIE DIMENSIONS:**

104 x 86 mils

#### **METALLIZATION:**

Type: AISi

Metal Thickness:  $11k\mathring{A} \pm 1k\mathring{A}$ 

## **GLASSIVATION:**

Type: SiO<sub>2</sub>

Thickness: 13kÅ ± 2.6kÅ

#### **WORST CASE CURRENT DENSITY:**

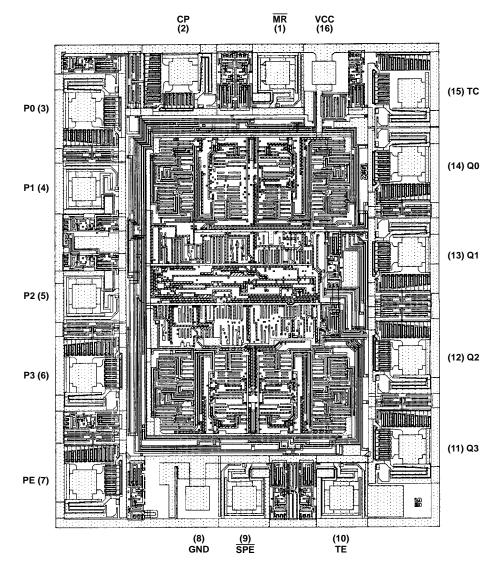
 $< 2.0 \times 10^5 \text{A/cm}^2$ 

#### **BOND PAD SIZE:**

 $100\mu m\ x\ 100\mu m$  4 mils x 4 mils

# Metallization Mask Layout

#### HCTS163MS



NOTE: The die diagram is a generic plot from a similar HCS device. It is intended to indicate approximate die size and bond pad location. The mask series for the HCTS163 is TA14448A.