



Voltage Regulators

LM109/LM209 five-volt regulators

general description

The LM109 and LM209 are complete 5V regulators fabricated on a single silicon chip. They are designed for local regulation on digital logic cards, eliminating the distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. The devices are available in two common transistor packages. In the solid-kovar TO-5 header, it can deliver output currents in excess of 200 mA, if adequate heat sinking is provided. With the TO-3 power package, the available output current is greater than 1A.

The regulators are essentially blow-out proof. Current limiting is included to limit the peak output current to a safe value. In addition, thermal shutdown is provided to keep the IC from overheating. If internal dissipation becomes too great, the regulator will shut down to prevent excessive heating.

Considerable effort was expended to make these devices easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient

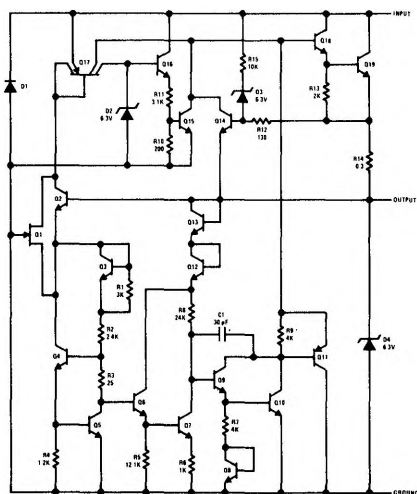
response somewhat. Input bypassing is needed, however, if the regulator is located very far from the filter capacitor of the power supply. Stability is also achieved by methods that provide very good rejection of load or line transients as are usually seen with TTL logic.

Although designed primarily as a fixed-voltage regulator, the output of the LM109 and LM209 can be set to voltages above 5V, as shown below. It is also possible to use the circuits as the control element in precision regulators, taking advantage of the good current-handling capability and the thermal overload protection.

To summarize, outstanding features of the regulator are:

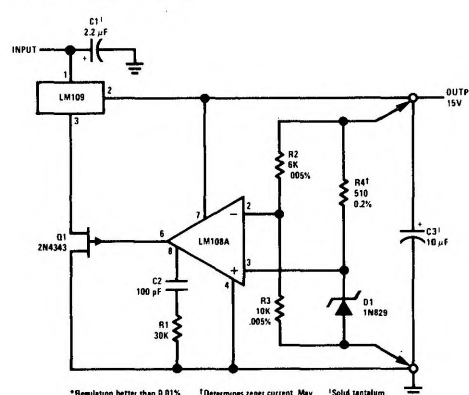
- Specified to be complete, worst case, with TTL and DTL
- Output current in excess of 1A
- Internal thermal overload protection
- No external components required

schematic diagram



typical applications

High Stability Regulator*

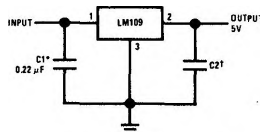


*Regulation better than 0.01% load, line and temperature, can be obtained.

[†]Determines zener current. May be adjusted to minimize thermal drift.

[‡]Solid tantalum

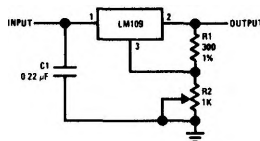
Fixed 5V Regulator



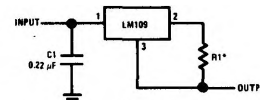
*Required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.

[†]Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does improve transient response.

Adjustable Output Regulator



Current Regulator



*Determines output current

absolute maximum ratings

Input Voltage	35V
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55°C to 150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

design characteristics (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.7	5.05	5.3	V
Line Regulation	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 25\text{V}$		4	50	mV
Load Regulation	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$				
LM109H	$5\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 0.5\text{A}$		20	50	mV
LM109K	$5\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 1.5\text{A}$		50	100	mV
Output Voltage	$7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 25\text{V}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq I_{\text{max}}$ $P < P_{\text{max}}$	4.6		5.4	V
Quiescent Current	$7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 25\text{V}$		5.2	10	mA
Quiescent Current Change	$7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 25\text{V}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq I_{\text{max}}$			0.5 0.8	mA mA
Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 100\text{kHz}$		40		μV
Long Term Stability				10	mV
Thermal Resistance					
Junction to Case (Note 2)					
LM109H			15		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
LM109K			3		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note 1: Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply for $-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ($-25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ for the LM209), $V_{\text{IN}} = 10\text{V}$ and $I_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1\text{A}$ for the TO-5 package or $I_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5\text{A}$ for the TO-3 package. For the TO-5 package, $I_{\text{max}} = 0.2\text{A}$ and $P_{\text{max}} = 2.0\text{W}$. For the TO-3 package, $I_{\text{max}} = 1.0\text{A}$ and $P_{\text{max}} = 20\text{W}$.

Note 2: Without a heat sink, the thermal resistance of the TO-5 package is about 150°C/W , while that of the TO-3 package is approximately 35°C/W . With a heat sink, the effective thermal resistance can only approach the values specified, depending on the efficiency of the sink.

typical performance

