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# LM3702/LM3703 Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits with Low Line Output and Manual Reset

### Check for Samples: LM3702, LM3703

## FEATURES

- Standard Reset Threshold voltage: 3.08V
- Custom Reset Threshold voltages: For other voltages between 2.2V and 5.0V in 10mV increments, contact National Semiconductor Corp.
- No external components required
- Manual-Reset input
- RESET (LM3702) or RESET (LM3703) outputs
- Precision supply voltage monitor
- Factory programmable Reset Timeout Delay
- Available in micro SMD package for minimum footprint

- ±0.5% Reset threshold accuracy at room temperature
- ±2% Reset threshold accuracy over temperature extremes
- Reset assertion down to 1V V<sub>CC</sub> (RESET option only)
- 28 µA V<sub>CC</sub> supply current

## APPLICATIONS

- Embedded Controllers and Processors
- Intelligent Instruments
- Automotive Systems
- Critical µP Power Monitoring

## DESCRIPTION

The LM3702/LM3703 series of microprocessor supervisory circuits provide the maximum flexibility for monitoring power supplies and battery controlled functions in systems without backup batteries. The LM3702/LM3703 series are available in a 9-bump micro SMD package.

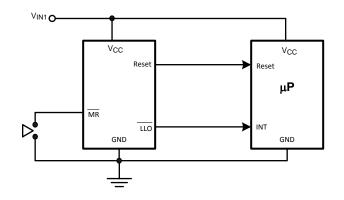
Built-in features include the following:

Reset: Reset is asserted during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. RESET is guaranteed down to  $V_{CC}$  of 1.0V.

Manual Reset Input: An input that asserts reset when pulled low.

Low Line Output: This early power failure warning indicator goes low when the supply voltage drops to a value which is 2% higher than the reset threshold voltage.

## **Typical Application**



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#### OBSOLETE

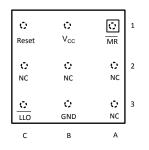
# LM3702, LM3703

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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### **Connection Diagram**

### Figure 1. Top View (looking from the coating side) micro SMD 9 Bump Package

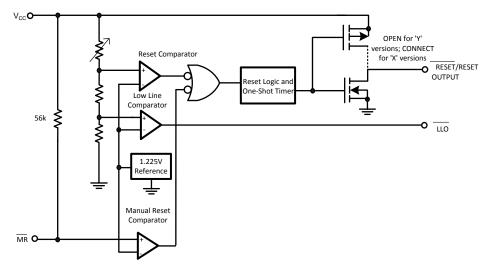


### **Pin Functions**

### **Pin Descriptions**

| Bump No.   | Name            | Function  |
|------------|-----------------|---|
| A1         | MR              | Manual-Reset input. When $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is less than V <sub>MRT</sub> (Manual Reset Threshold) $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET is engaged.   |
| B1         | V <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply input.   |
| C1         | RESET           | Reset Logic Output. Pulses low for t <sub>RP</sub> (Reset Timeout Period) when triggered, and stays low whenever V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold or when $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is below V <sub>MRT</sub> . It remains low for t <sub>RP</sub> after either V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold, or after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ input rises above V <sub>MRT</sub> (LM3702 only). |
|            | RESET           | Reset Logic Output. RESET is the inverse of RESET (LM3703 only).  |
| C3         | LLO             | Low-Line Logic Output. Early Power-Fail warning output. Low when $V_{CC}$ falls below $V_{LLOT}$ (Low-Line Output Threshold). This output can be used to generate an NMI (Non-Maskable Interrupt) to provide an early warning of imminent power-failure.  |
| B3         | GND             | Ground reference for all signals.   |
| A2, A3, C2 | NC              | No Connect.   |
| B2         | NC              | No Connect. Test input used at factory only. Leave floating.  |

## **Block Diagram**





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### Table 1. Table Of Functions

| Part Number | Active Low<br>Reset | Active High<br>Reset | Output<br>(X = totem-pole)<br>(Y = open-drain) | Reset Timeout<br>Period | Manual Reset | Low Line<br>Output |
|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| LM3702      | x                   |                      | X, Y*  | Customized              | х            | x                  |
| LM3703      |                     | x                    | Х  | Customized              | х            | x                  |



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )                               | -0.3V to 6.0V            |
|---|--------------------------|
| All Other Inputs  | -0.3V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V |
| ESD Ratings <sup>(2)</sup><br>Human Body Model<br>Machine Model | 1.5kV<br>150V            |
| Power Dissipation   | (3)                      |

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed conditions.

- (2) The Human Body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.
- (3) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub>(MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance. θ<sub>J-A</sub>, and the ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperture is calculated P(MAX) = T<sub>J</sub>(MAX) T<sub>A</sub>

using

 $\theta_{J-A}$  Where the value of  $\theta_{J-A}$  for the micro SMD package is 220°C/W.

### **Operating Ratings** <sup>(1)</sup>

| Temperature Range | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ 85°C |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
|                   |                               |

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The guaranteed specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed conditions.

# LM3702, LM3703



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# LM3702/LM3703 Series Electrical Characteristics

Limits in the standard typeface are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C and limits in **boldface type** apply over full operating range. Unless otherwise specified:  $V_{CC} = +2.2V$  to 5.5V.

| Symbol            | Parameter                      | Conditions   | Min                    | Тур                      | Max                    | Units |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| POWER SU          | PPLY                           |  |                        |                          |                        |       |
| V <sub>CC</sub>   | Operating Voltage Range:       | LM3702   | 1.0                    |                          | 5.5                    | V     |
|                   | V <sub>CC</sub>                | LM3703   | 1.2                    |                          | 5.5                    | v     |
| I <sub>CC</sub>   | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current | All inputs = $V_{CC}$ ; all outputs floating   |                        | 28                       | 50                     | μA    |
| RESET THE         | RESHOLD                        |  |                        | •                        |                        |       |
| V <sub>RST</sub>  | Reset Threshold                | V <sub>CC</sub> falling  | -0.5                   |                          | +0.5                   |       |
|                   |                                |  | -2                     | V <sub>RST</sub>         | +2                     | %     |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC}$ falling: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$  | -1.5                   |                          | +1.5                   |       |
| V <sub>RSTH</sub> | Reset Threshold Hysteresis     |  |                        | 0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub>  |                        | mV    |
| t <sub>RP</sub>   | Reset Timeout Period           | Reset Timeout Period = A<br>Reset Timeout Period = B<br>Reset Timeout Period = C<br>Reset Timeout Period = D | 1<br>20<br>140<br>1120 | 1.4<br>28<br>200<br>1600 | 2<br>40<br>280<br>2240 | ms    |
| t <sub>RD</sub>   | V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay | V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 1mV/µs  |                        | 20                       | -                      | μs    |
| RESET (LM         |                                |  |                        | ĮĮ                       |                        | + •   |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | RESET                          | V <sub>CC</sub> > 2.25V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 900µA   |                        |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.7V, I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$  |                        |                          | 0.3                    | V     |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 4.5V, I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$  |                        |                          | 0.4                    |       |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | RESET                          | $V_{CC} > 1.2V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 50\mu A$   | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 1.8V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 150\mu A$  | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SOURCE} = 300\mu A$  | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        | V     |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.7V, I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$   | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 4.5V, I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$   | V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.5V |                          |                        |       |
| I <sub>LKG</sub>  | Output Leakage Current         | V <sub>RESET</sub> = 5.5V  |                        |                          | 1.0                    | μA    |
| RESET (LM         | 3702)                          |  |                        | •                        |                        | -     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | RESET                          | $V_{CC} > 1.0V$ , $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$   |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 1.2V, I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$   |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | V <sub>CC</sub> > 2.25V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 900µA   |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | V <sub>CC</sub> > 2.7V, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.2mA  |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 4.5V, I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$  |                        |                          | 0.4                    | V     |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | RESET                          | $V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SOURCE} = 300 \mu A$   | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$  | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$  | V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.5V |                          |                        |       |
| MR                |                                |  |                        | •                        |                        |       |
| V <sub>MRT</sub>  | MR Input Threshold             | MR, Low  |                        |                          | 0.8                    |       |
|                   |                                | MR, High   | 2.0                    |                          |                        | V     |
| V <sub>MRTH</sub> | MR Threshold Hysteresis        | $\overline{\text{MR}}$ falling: V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>RST MAX</sub> to 5.5V                               |                        | 0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub>  |                        | mV    |
| R <sub>MR</sub>   | MR Pull-up Resistance          |  | 35                     | 56                       | 75                     | kΩ    |
| t <sub>MD</sub>   | MR to Reset Delay              |  |                        | 12                       |                        | μS    |
| t <sub>MR</sub>   | MR Pulse Width                 |  | 25                     |                          |                        | μS    |
| LO                |                                |  |                        |                          |                        |       |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | LLO Output Voltage             | $V_{CC} > 2.25V, I_{SINK} = 900\mu A$  |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC}$ > 2.7V, $I_{SINK}$ = 1.2mA  |                        |                          | 0.3                    |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC}$ > 4.5V, $I_{SINK}$ = 3.2mA  |                        |                          | 0.4                    | V     |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.25V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 300\mu A$   | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        | V     |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$  | 0.8 V <sub>CC</sub>    |                          |                        |       |
|                   |                                | $V_{CC} > 4.5V, I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$   | V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.5V |                          |                        |       |

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### LM3702/LM3703 Series Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Limits in the standard typeface are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C and limits in **boldface type** apply over full operating range. Unless otherwise specified:  $V_{CC} = +2.2V$  to 5.5V.

| Symbol             | Parameter   | Conditions                        | Min                   | Тур                     | Max                   | Units |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| LLO OUTPUT         |   |                                   |                       |                         |                       |       |
| V <sub>LLOT</sub>  | LLO Output Threshold<br>(V <sub>LLO</sub> – V <sub>RST</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> falling) |                                   | 1.01•V <sub>RST</sub> | 1.02•V <sub>RST</sub>   | 1.03•V <sub>RST</sub> | V     |
| V <sub>LLOTH</sub> | Low-Line Comparator<br>Hysteresis   |                                   |                       | 0.0032•V <sub>RST</sub> |                       | mV    |
| t <sub>CD</sub>    | Low-Line Comparator Delay   | V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 1mV/µs |                       | 20                      |                       | μs    |

**Typical Performance Characteristics** 

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30

25

20

15

10

0

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1 0

1

2

3

Supply Voltage (V) Normalized Reset Threshold Voltage

> vs Temperature

4

5

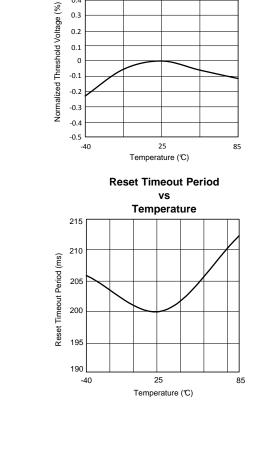
Supply Current (µA)

**Supply Current** 

vs

Supply Voltage

3.3V Supply Current vs Temperature 30 29 Supply Current (µA) 28 27 26 25 24 23 25 70 85 -40 0 Temperature (℃) **Reset Timeout Period** vs Vcc 220 215 210 Reset Timeout Period (ms) 205 200 195 190 185 180 5.5 6 4.5 5 3.0 3.5 4 Supply Voltage (V) Max. Transient Duration vs Reset Comparator Overdrive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V) 80 70 Maximum Transient Duration (μs) 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 10 1000 100 Reset Comparator Overdrive (mV) V<sub>RST</sub> - V<sub>CC</sub>

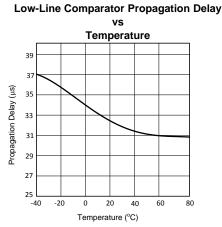




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### **Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)**



### **Circuit Information**

### **RESET OUTPUT**

The Reset input of a  $\mu$ P initializes the device into a known state. The LM3702/LM3703 microprocessor supervisory circuits assert a forced reset output to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.

RESET is guaranteed valid for  $V_{CC} > 1V$ . Once  $V_{CC}$  exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer maintains the output for the reset timeout period. After this interval, reset goes high. The LM3702 offers an active-low RESET; The LM3703 offers an active-high RESET.

Any time  $V_{CC}$  drops below the reset threshold (such as during a brownout), the reset activates. When  $V_{CC}$  again rises above the reset threshold, the internal timer starts. Reset holds until  $V_{CC}$  exceeds the reset threshold for longer than the reset timeout period. After this time, reset releases.

The Manual Reset input (MR) will initiate a forced reset also. See the *Manual Reset Input* section.

### RESET THRESHOLD

The LM3702/LM3703 family is available with a reset voltage of 3.08V. Other reset thresholds in the 2.20V to 5.0V range, in steps of 10 mV, are available; contact National Semiconductor for details.

### MANUAL RESET INPUT (MR)

Many  $\mu$ P-based products require a manual reset capability, allowing the operator to initiate a reset. The  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  input is fully debounced and provides an internal 56 k $\Omega$  pull-up. When the  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  input is pulled below V<sub>MRT</sub> (1.225V) for more than 25  $\mu$ s, reset is asserted after a typical delay of 12  $\mu$ s. Reset remains active as long as MR is held low, and releases after the reset timeout period expires after MR rises above V<sub>MRT</sub>. Use MR with digital logic to assert or to daisy chain supervisory circuits. It may be used as another low-line comparator by adding a buffer.

### LOW-LINE OUTPUT (LLO)

The low-line output comparator is typically used to provide a non-maskable interrupt to a  $\mu$ P when V<sub>CC</sub> begins falling. LLO monitors V<sub>CC</sub> and goes low when V<sub>CC</sub> falls below V<sub>LLOT</sub> (typically 1.02 • V<sub>RST</sub>) with hysteresis of 0.0032 • V<sub>RST</sub>.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR THE MICRO SMD PACKAGE

As with most integrated circuits, the LM3702 and LM3703 are sensitive to exposure from visible and infrared (IR) light radiation. Unlike a plastic encapsulated IC, the micro SMD package has very limited shielding from light, and some sensitivity to light reflected from the surface of the PC board or long wavelength IR entering the die from the side may be experienced. This light could have an unpredictable affect on the electrical performance of the IC. Care should be taken to shield the device from direct exposure to bright visible or IR light during operation.

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#### **MICRO SMD MOUNTING**

The micro SMD package requires specific mounting techniques which are detailed in National Semiconductor Application Note AN-1112. Referring to the section **Surface Mount Technology (SMT) Assembly Considerations**, it should be noted that the pad style which must be used with the 9-pin package is the NSMD (non-solder mask defined) type.

For best results during assembly, alignment ordinals on the PC board may be used to facilitate placement of the micro SMD device.



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## **TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

### **Timing Diagrams**

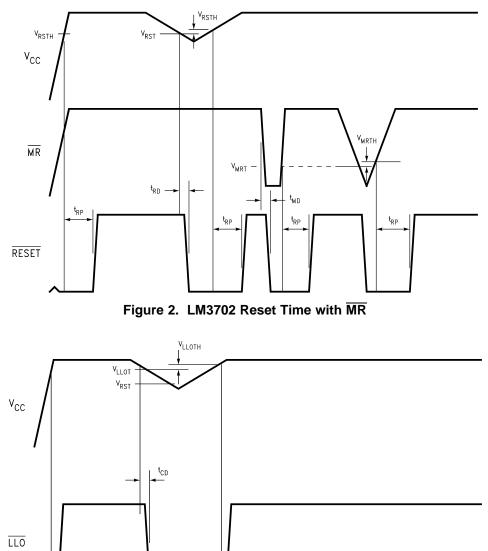


Figure 3. LLO Output

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VOUT

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## **Typical Application Circuits**

V<sub>IN</sub> **O**-

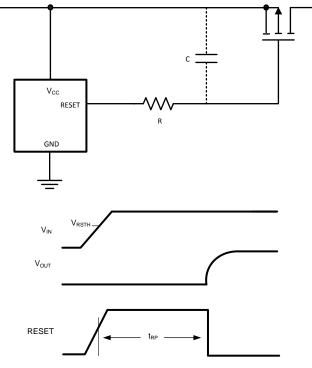
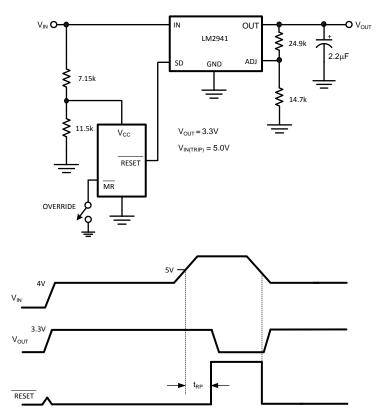


Figure 4. LM3703 Power-On Delay







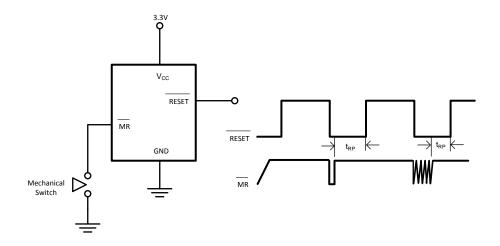


Figure 6. Switch Debouncer

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|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
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| DLP® Products                | www.dlp.com              | Consumer Electronics          | www.ti.com/consumer-apps          |
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