

# STTA9012T(V)1/2

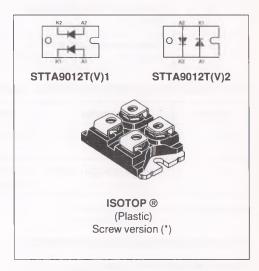
## TURBOSWITCH ™ "A". ULTRA-FAST HIGH VOLTAGE DIODE

#### MAIN PRODUCTS CHARACTERISTICS

I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	45A
V <sub>RRM</sub>	1200V
t <sub>rr</sub> (typ)	65ns
V <sub>F</sub> (max)	1.85V

## **FEATURES AND BENEFITS**

- ULTRA-FAST, SOFT AND NOISE-FREE RECOVERY.
- VERY LOW OVERALL POWER LOSSES IN BOTH THE DIODE AND THE COMPANION TRANSISTOR.
- HIGH FREQUENCY AND/OR HIGH PULSED CURRENT OPERATIONS.



#### DESCRIPTION

The TURBOSWITCH is a very high performance series of ultra-fast high voltage power diodes from 600V to 1200V.

TURBOSWITCH 1200V drastically cuts losses in all high voltage operations which require extremely fast, soft and noise-free power diodes. Due to their optimized switching performances they also highly decrease power losses in any associated switching IGBT or MOSFET in all "Freewheel

#### Mode" operations.

They are particularly suitable in Motor Control circuitries, or in the primary of SMPS as snubber, clamping or demagnetizing diodes, and also at the secondary of SMPS as high voltage rectifier diodes.

Packaged in ISOTOP®, this 1200V device is particularly intended for use on 3 phase 400V industrial mains.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	1200	V
V <sub>RSM</sub>	Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	1200	V
I <sub>F(RMS)</sub>	RMS forward current	150	Α
I <sub>FRM</sub>	Repetitive peak forward current (tp = 5 $\mu$ s, f = 5kHz)	900	Α
T <sub>j</sub>	Max operating junction temperature	150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-65 to 150	°C

<sup>(\*):</sup> Tin plasted Fast-on version is also available (Without V suffix).

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#### THERMAL AND POWER DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	Junction to case thermal	Per diode	0.85	°C/W
	resistance	Total	0.48	
		Coupling	0.1	
P <sub>1</sub>	Conduction power dissipation (see fig. 6)	$I_{F(AV)} = 45A$ $\delta = 0.5$ Per diode Tc= 70°C	94	w
P <sub>max</sub>	Total power dissipation Pmax = P1 + P3 (P3 = 10% P1)	Per diode Tc= 62°C	104	W

## STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (see Fig.6)

Symbol	Parameter	Test C	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>F</sub> •	Forward voltage drop	I <sub>F</sub> =45A	Tj = 25°C Tj = 125°C			2.05 1.85	V V
I <sub>R</sub> **	Reverse leakage current	V <sub>R</sub> =0.8 x V <sub>RRM</sub>	Tj = 25°C Tj = 125°C			200 12	μA mA

Test pulses widths :  $tp = 380 \mu s$ , duty cycle < 2%

 $^{**}$  tp = 5 ms , duty cycle < 2%

## **DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### TURN-OFF SWITCHING (see Fig.7)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse recovery time	Tj = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> = 0.5 A I <sub>R</sub> = 1A Irr = 0.25A I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = -50A/µs V <sub>R</sub> = 30V		65	115	ns
IRM	Maximum reverse recovery current	Tj = 125°C VR = 600V I <sub>F</sub> =45A dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = -360 A/μs dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = -500 A/μs		TBD	TBD	A
S factor	Softness factor	$Tj = 125^{\circ}C \ V_{R} = 600V \ I_{F} = 45A$ $dI_{F}/dt = -500 \ A/\mu s$		1.2		/

## TURN-ON SWITCHING (see Fig.8)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
tfr	Forward recovery time	Tj = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> =45 A, dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = 360 A/μs measured at, 1.1 × V <sub>F</sub> max			TBD	ns
V <sub>Fp</sub>	Peak forward voltage	Tj = 25°C I <sub>F</sub> =45A, dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = 360 A/μs I <sub>F</sub> =40A, dI <sub>F</sub> /dt = 500 A/μs			TBD TBD	V

#### **APPLICATION DATA**

The 1200V TURBOSWITCH series has been designed to provide the lowest overall power losses in all high frequency or high pulsed current operations. In such applications (Fig 1 to 5),the way of calculating the power losses is given below

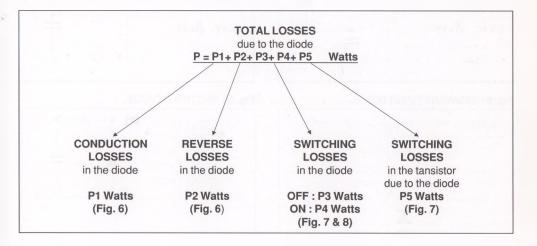


Fig. 1: "FREEWHEEL" MODE.

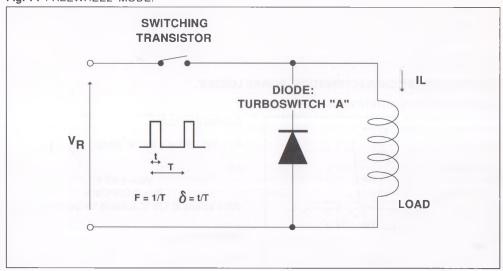


Fig. 2: SNUBBER DIODE.

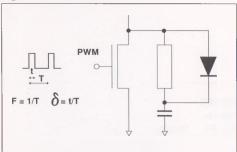


Fig. 4: DEMAGNETIZING DIODE.

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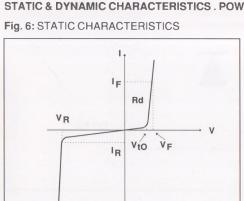


Fig. 3: CLAMPING DIODE.

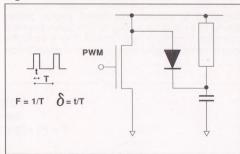
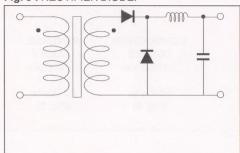


Fig. 5: RECTIFIER DIODE.



### STATIC & DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS. POWER LOSSES.

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## Conduction losses:

$$P1 = V_{t0} \cdot I_{F(AV)} + R_{d} \cdot I_{F}^{2}(RMS)$$

with

 $V_{t0} = 1.57 \text{ V}$ 

 $R_d = 0.006 Ohm$ 

(Max values at 125°C, suitable for Ipeak < 3.I<sub>F(av)</sub>)

### Reverse losses:

 $P2 = V_{R} \cdot I_{R} \cdot (1 - \delta)$ 

## **APPLICATION DATA (Cont'd)**

Fig. 7: TURN-OFF CHARACTERISTICS

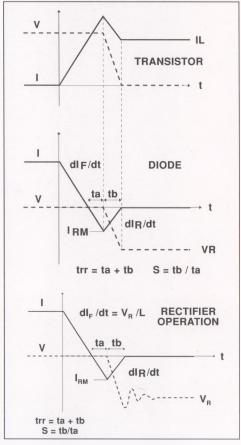
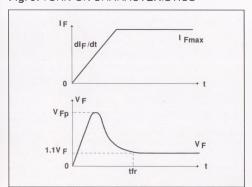


Fig. 8: TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS



**Turn-on** losses: (in the transistor, due to the diode)

$$P5 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times (3 + 2 \times S) \times F}{6 \times dI_F/dt} + \frac{V_R \times I_{RM} \times I_L \times (S + 2) \times F}{2 \times dI_F/dt}$$

Turn-off losses (in the diode):

$$P3 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI_F/dt}$$

**Turn-off** losses: (with non negligible serial inductance)

P3' = 
$$\frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI_F/dt} + \frac{L \times I_{RM}^2 \times F}{2}$$

P3,P3' and P5 are suitable for power MOSFET and IGBT

Turn-on losses:

 $P4 = 0.4 (VFP - VF) \cdot IFmax \cdot tfr \cdot F$